

# WINNSBORO.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 15, 1865.

## FOREMAN WANTED.

A competent person is wanted at this office to take charge of the composition room of the DAILY NEWS. One of steady habits can secure a pleasant situation with good pay by applying immediately.

## TO OUR FRIENDS

Who desire to sustain our publications we say come forward and subscribe at once; and by your countenance and support, put upon a sure foundation your district paper.

Our office is at the old stand of the Herald and Register, where we will be pleased to see all who may give us a call. For terms, &c., see first page.

## TO OUR PATRONS.

Should any of our patrons fail to receive their papers promptly, they will please notify us immediately of the fact. Our carriers are not yet thoroughly acquainted with their routes, but we hope soon to have everything working orderly.

## REFUGEES.

The advance of the enemy from time to time, and his temporary occupation of portions of our lower country, have caused a large accession to our population, consisting chiefly of unprotected women and children. These persons are generally individuals of education, refinement and intelligence, and a large proportion of them formerly of wealth. Those of narrow means, though equally patriotic, have been compelled, from the necessity of the case, to accept the situation and remain within the lines of the enemy, as we earnestly hope, however, only for a limited time. Some, however, escaped with the loss, in a moment of time, of the labors of a life-time, and, in some instances of generations. Others have already exhausted, or are rapidly consuming, the remnants saved from the general wreck. Their natural protectors are able to render little or no assistance, being, for the most part, in the field, bearing their bosoms, a living wall, between our homes and our enemy. This class, therefore, deserves our warmest sympathy, and every effort should be made by those who still enjoy the comfort of home, to lighten their sufferings. These actual, real sufferings, are known only to the humane, christian people, who take the pains to enquire, for, as a general rule, the whole nature and condition of the class of our refugees, forbids their making a demonstration of their real, positive sufferings.

We have thought it proper to say this much to our farmers and to suggest their enquiring into and supplying the wants of those who are destitute. Fortunately, a large part of our district has made an abundance of corn, wheat, peas, sorghum, bacon, &c. Any or all of these are greatly needed. Let them be freely given, or sold at reasonable rates. No one of these to whom we thus appeal, can count confidently upon enjoying his own comfortable home and abundant supplies, even for a month. In less than that brief time, they may find themselves of the same class, as that of whom we write, and with their own homesteads in ashes, their barns empty, and their families homeless and destitute, will be able to appreciate the sad reality of the position of the refugee from the enemy's lines.

But there is still another relief that can be afforded these people. Most of them have some little means and would be willing to purchase, but they know not where to go or who will sell. They would cheerfully pay market price for articles of food, fuel &c., but their situation as strangers, females and children, prevents their getting access to the producer, and thus they suffer for food for which they are willing to pay and which is comparatively abundant around them. We suggest to our Town Council to take this matter into consideration at once, and appoint some person in whom the community will have confidence, to receive supplies from the farmers, at such prices as they will sell for, and dis-

tribute it among those who have been driven from their homes, at the actual cost to Council.

Surely even one man in our community can be found, who is not in service, and who is not given over wholly to lure and croaking, who will discharge this pious, humane duty. Some thing like this has been resorted to in most cities and towns and has contributed largely to warding off the terrible pang of starvation. Let the farmer who cannot afford to give, bring into the agents the town authorities may appoint, corn at ten dollars, bacon at two dollars, syrup at five dollars, beef and flour at seventy-five cents, or at less prices; and should a like unhappy fate beset him, he may enjoy something of the satisfaction of conscience which we suppose were felt by the good Samaritan, and avoid what will yet be a torturing recollection to those, like the Priest and Levite, who pass by on the other side, because they "are not responsible for bringing on this war."

We warmly commend this matter to our Intendant and Wardens as one which should be initiated by them, so that all parties may be satisfied that there is no imposition or speculation practiced in the transfer from the producer to the consumer.

## SLEET.

Yesterday, about two p.m., sleet commenced falling, and at the hour of penning this paragraph, 3 p.m., it is coming down pretty freely. From the appearance of the clouds overhead we judge that this section of country will be visited by snow. Those who have plenty of wood and are comfortably fixed can enjoy a snow storm, but we feel for those who are so unfortunate as to be woodless.

## ORGANIZING.

We notice in the Charlotte Bulletin the proceedings of a meeting held in Charlotte for the purpose of organizing and arming the citizens of Mecklenburg, and adjacent counties.

This portion of North Carolina, (the western,) is as true to the cause of the Confederacy as steel. The people that have remained at home, will, when the time come, strike a blow for the South, that will reverberate over hill and dale. None truer or more patriotic can be found.

## PRIVATE DISPATCHES, &c.

Those of our friends who may receive private telegrams that will be interesting to our readers, will confer a favor by letting us have the use of them for publication. Any letters that may be received from relatives or friends in the army, when containing anything of a news character, will be gladly published if furnished for that purpose by those receiving them. Upon matters of interest to the rearing public, that may occur in our district, we will be glad to hear from those who may favor us. Communications upon all topics will receive due consideration.

The most reliable estimates we have heard from persons within the lines, who have had an opportunity of gathering information from a variety of Yankee sources, give Sherman only fifty odd thousand men, including the corps of Gen. Foster, now co-operating with him on the coast. The number of troops, however, is always exaggerated, and after reckoning his loss from sickness, wounds and death, we incline to the opinion that the Federal commander has not forty thousand effective men in the four corps now scattered between the Savannah and the Edisto.—*Carolinian*.

FROM INDIA.—The account of the cotton crop in the Bombay Presidency are decidedly bad, and though it is pretty certain that the extent of land sown is greater than heretofore, yet the quantity of 1864 will fall short of that of 1863. The case is worse in Bengal, where the cotton crop will be much less than it was last year.

COFFEE CAKES.—Take some rice that has been boiled soft, twice as much flour as rice, a little fine Indian meal, and a little yeast. Mix it with cold water and let it rise over night. This will make a fine biscuit for breakfast.

# WINNSBORO NEWS

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

### General Superintendent's Office.

CHARLOTTE & S. C. RAILROAD  
COLUMBIA, S. C., January 14, 1865.

UNIL further notice, this company will not receive or forward PRIVATE FREIGHT for Charlotte or points beyond. JAMES ANDERSON,  
Feb 18'65 General Superintendent.

### Prospects of the Conservative

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY BY

J. B. NEATHERBY & CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

#### OUR PRINCIPLES:

*The true Conservative platform—The supremacy of the civil over the military law.*

*A quiet submission to all laws, whether good or bad, while they remain upon our statute books.*

*No reconstruction, or submission, but perpetual independence.*

*An unbroken front to the common enemy; but timely and repeated negotiations for PEACE by the proper authorities.*

*No separate State action through Convention; no counter revolution; no combined resistance to the Government.*

*Opposition to despotism in every form, and the preservation of Republican institutions in all their purity.*

We have determined to make the *Conservative* a permanent paper, for the maintenance of our principles, and to render a vigorous support to the cause of Southern independence. The administration of Gov. Vance will find in the *Conservative* a steady, honest, straight-forward supporter and defender, as will also the National administration, when its actions are in conflict with our principles.

The *Conservative* shall be a leading newspaper, and will be conducted with vigor, but with a proper regard to truth and right, and the courtesy due to others. It will not encourage or countenance personal or political wrangling and discord. It seeks to unite all upon the great and all-absorbing interests of the Confederacy.

It shall be a thorough newspaper, and will give the latest telegraphic and other news most desirable to the public. The proceedings of the Legislature when in session, important action of Congress, and general intelligence will be served up daily for our readers.

#### OUR TERMS:

For the Daily, one month,	\$5 00
For the Daily, three months,	15 00
For the Daily, six months,	25 00
For the Weekly, six months,	10 00
No subscriptions to either Daily or Weekly received for a longer time than six months,	

feb 18'65

### The Southern Punch.

THE undersigned issues at Richmond, Va., a weekly Journal called THE SOUTHERN PUNCH.

It is nearly a duplicate size, form and general features of the world-renowned London Punch, so long an acknowledged power in the British Isles in the reformation of public abuses, and the enlightenment of the public mind, flushing as it did with the genius of Hood, of Jerrold, and a host of wits, poets and philosophic thinkers.

The proprietors of The Southern Punch bring to the difficult task of successfully conducting such a Journal, the advantages of capital, abundant mental resources, and practical skill. The editor for many years past, has been connected, in a leading editorial capacity, with the largest daily papers of New Orleans and Mobile, while the gentlemen who have charge of the typographical and engraving departments are unsurpassed in that skill necessary to success.

Every number will be illustrated with numerous cuts, appropriate to the times—numerous and serious,) from the hand of one of the best engravers on the continent—an artist whose name is familiar to the reading public of the South.

In fine, the undersigned are determined to make The Southern Punch the spiciest and most readable, and the best illustrated literary journal in America. It shall distance competition.

TEXAS.—Subscription for single copies, \$10 per annum. News dealers at the rate of \$15 per hundred copies. Address the publishers.

OVERALL, CAMPBELL, HUGHES & CO.,  
Richmond, Va., feb 18'65

### The Reporter's Directory.

#### BASED ON

#### PHONOGRAPHY.

HAS been published, a book with the above title, prepared by the subscriber who has had nearly twenty years practice in Photographic writing, having been at one time employed as an official reporter in the U. S. Senate, and who has been for the last seventeen months, and is now reporter of the Atlanta Intelligencer.

The Dictionary will contain indications, by means of a simple nomenclature, for writing with Photographic letters, about 20,000 words of the English language, or ninety-nine one hundredths of those in common use—the remaining words being easily written after these are learned.

In the instruction of the Dictionary, simple instruction will be given for beginners of the study of Phonography, with lithographed illustrations, prepared by one of the best artists in the Confederacy. The object of the publication is to make a standard for Confederate Reporters, and to render it possible for the much coveted and beautiful art of Reporting to be learned even without the aid of a teacher.

As the work will be expensive, new type having been purchased expressly for it, only a small edition will be issued. Those who desire copies are requested to send to the author their orders at once, (to be recorded,) accompanied with the price for the same, which will be five dollars per copy. The book in paper cover, and suitable for use, will be sent to all subscribers by mail, without additional expense.

A. E. MARSHALIS,  
Atlanta, Ga.  
feb 18'65

### Proclamation

BY THE PRESIDENT APPOINTING  
A FASTING, HUMILIATION AND  
WITH THANKSGIVING.—The Confederate States have, by a joint resolution, invited me to appoint a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer, waging giving to Almighty God.

It is my solemn duty, at all times, and especially in a season of perplexity and adversity, to acknowledge the mercies of our God, and to bow in submission before His footstool, confessing our manifold sins, supplicating His grace, and offering thanks for the great blessings which He has vouchsafed to us.

Let the hearts of our people be truly and trustfully unto God; let us renounce in His chastening hand the sins of our fathers, and forgo all for His sake.

Let us, in this season of perplexity, be faithful to our God, and let us, in this season of perplexity, be faithful to our God.

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